### Twin Beam Power Tube

#### GENERAL DATA

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode: Heater Arrangement Voltage (AC or DC)	Parallel 6.3 ± 10% 2.250	volts amp
<pre>grid No.2 volts = 175, and dc plate ma. = 60 Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1 (Each unit) for dc plate</pre>	8500	$\mu$ mhos
volts & dc grid No.2 volts = 225, and dc plate ma. = 60 Direct Interelectrode Capaci-tances (Each unit):	9	
Grid-No.1 to plate <sup>a</sup>	0.12 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater Plate to cathode & grid No.3,	14.5	pf
grid No.2, and heater  Grid-No.2-to-Cathode Capacitance including internal grid-No.2 bypass capacitor	7.0	pf
(Approx.)	65	pf
Mechanical:		
Operating Position	ach plate ve 4-1/8" ± 3-11/16" ± imensional Of Pin (JEDEC N	rtical 3/16" 3/16" 2-3/8" . T16 utline o.7-2) . 7BP
Pin 2-Grid No.1 of Unit No.2 Pin 3-Grid No.2 Pin 4-Cathode.	6-Grid No. Unit No 7-Heater - Plate of Unit No U2-Plate of Unit No	.1
AF POWER AMPLIFIER & MODULATOR C	lass AB <sub>l</sub> b	4

DC PLATE VOLTAGE. . . .

Electrical:

Maximum CCSc Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:

Values are on a per-tube basis

750 max. volts

DO 0015 H 0 101 T105	005
DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	225 max. volts
MAX.—SIGNAL DC PLATE CURRENT <sup>d</sup>	250 max. ma
MAX.—SIGNAL PLATE INPUT <sup>d</sup>	100 max. watts
MAX.—SIGNAL GRID—No.2 INPUTd	7 max. watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	30 max. watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:	
Heater negative with respect	100
to cathode	100 max. volts
Heater positive with respect	100 may yalta
to cathode	100 max. volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At nottest point on	235 max. °C
bulb surface)	2)3 max.
Typical Operation:	
DC Plate Voltage	600 volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage f	-18 volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage.	36 volts
Zero-Signal DC Plate Current	40 ma
Max.—Signal DC Plate Current	
Zero-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current	6 ma
Max.—Signal DC Grid—No.2 Current	26 ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate-to-	20
plate)	13750 ohms
Max.—Signal Driving Power (Approx.)	
Max.—Signal Power Output (Approx.)	44 watts
max. Orginal romer output (hippi oxity)	
► PLATE-MODULATED PUSH-PULL RF POWER AMPLIFI	ERClass C Telephony
Carrier conditions per tube for use wi	th a maximum mod-
	th a maximum mod-
	th a maximum mod-
Carrier conditions pertube for use wi ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling	th a maximum mod-
Carrier conditions pertube for use wi ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling	th a maximum mod- per tube basis.
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Carrier conditions pertube for use windlation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS	th a maximum mod- per tube basis.
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Carrier conditions per tube for use windlation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	th a maximum mod- per tube basis.  ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 2. 225 max. volts
Carrier conditions per tube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 225 max DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	th a maximum mod- per tube basis.  ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 2. 225 max. volts 1175 max. volts
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Carrier conditions per tube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 225 max DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	th a maximum mod- per tube basis.  ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 2. 225 max. volts 1175 max. volts 2. 212 max. ma 1. 15 max. ma
Carrier conditions per tube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 225 max DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 225 max. volts 2175 max. volts 2. 212 max. ma 2. 15 max. ma 3. 90 max. watts
Carrier conditions pertube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 225 max DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 225 max. volts 212 max. volts 212 max. ma 2. 15 max. ma 3. 90 max. watts 4. 7 max. watts
Carrier conditions pertube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 225 max DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 225 max. volts 212 max. volts 212 max. ma 2. 15 max. ma 3. 90 max. watts 4. 7 max. watts
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Carrier conditions pertube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 225 max DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 2. 225 max. volts 2. 175 max. volts 2. 12 max. ma 2. 15 max. ma 3. 90 max. watts 3. 7 max. watts 4. 28 max. watts 5. 100 max. volts
Carrier conditions pertube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 2. 225 max. volts 2. 175 max. volts 2. 12 max. ma 2. 15 max. watts 3. 7 max. watts 4. 28 max. watts 5. 100 max. volts 6. 100 max. volts 6. 100 max. volts
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Carrier conditions pertube for use will ulation factor of 1. Values are on a Natural Cooling  Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS  DC PLATE VOLTAGE	ICAS 9  1. 600 max. volts 2. 225 max. volts 2. 175 max. volts 2. 12 max. ma 2. 15 max. watts 3. 7 max. watts 4. 28 max. watts 5. 100 max. volts 6. 100 max. volts 6. 100 max. volts
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CCS	ICAS	
DC_Grid-No.2 Voltage:h		
From a grid-No.2 series resistor of: 32000 ohms		volts
11000 ohms	200 –	volts
25000 ohms DC Grid-No.1 Voltage:	- 200	volts
From a grid-No.1 resistor of:		3.
15000 ohms	 -60 -	volts volts
8600 ohms	60	volts
Peak RF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1	160 144	volts
Voltage	212 150	ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current	21 16 14 7	ma ma
Driving Power (Approx.) 0.3 Power Output (Approx.) 50	1 0.5	watt
	63 70	watts
Forced-Air Cooling		
Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:  CCS	ICAS	
DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max.	600 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 225 max.	250 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE175 max. DC PLATE CURRENT 212 max.	-175 max. 240 max.	volts ma
DC GRID-No.1 CURRENT 15 max.	20 max.	ma
PLATE INPUT 90 max. GRID-No.2 INPUT 7 max.	120 max. 8 max. <b>k</b>	watts watts
PLATE DISSIPATION 28 max.	40 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER—CATHODE VOLTAGE: Heater negative with		
respect to cathode 100 max.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode 100 max.	100 max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest	225 may	οС
point on bulb surface) 235 max.	235 max.	C
Typical Operation with Forced-Air Cooling: DC Plate Voltage 425 600	600	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage:h	000	VOILS
From agrid—No.2 series re- sistor of:		
11000 ohms 200 -	_	volts
25000 ohms — 200 20000 ohms — —	_ 200	volts volts
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage:	200	VOICS
From a grid-No.1 resistor of:		
4300 ohms60 -	_	volts
8600 ohms	_ _70	volts volts
Peak RF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-		
No.1 Voltage 160 144	180	volts

DC Plate Current	212 21	16 20 7 13 0.5 1.1	ma ma ma watts watts
PUSH-PULL RF POWER AMPLIFIER & (			
ar	ıd		
PUSH-PULL RF POWER AMPLIF		-	_
Values are on a per-tube basi		therwise spec	ified
Natural	_		
Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maxim	ccs	ICAS	
DC PLATE VOLTAGE	750 max. 225 max175 max. 240 max. 15 max. 90 max. 7 max. 30 max.	750 max. 225 max175 max. 240 max. 15 max. 120 max. 40 max.	volts volts volts ma ma watts watts volts volts volts
·		200 IIIax.	C
Typical Operation with Natural  DC Plate Voltage  DC Grid-No.2 Voltage:  From a grid-No.2 series resistor of:  40000 ohms  13000 ohms  32000 ohms	750 190	500 · 750 	volts volts volts volts
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage: P From a grid-No.1 resistor of: 12500 ohms	50  	 -45 - 50	volts volts volts
From a cathode resistor of: 360 ohms	–50 – –	 -45 - 50	volts volts volts
No.1 Voltage	116 120 14 4	128 124 230 160 23 17 15 7	volts ma ma ma



Driving Power (Approx.) Power Output (Approx.)	0.3 70	0.9 0.4 83 90	
Forced-Air Cooling			
Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum	Values:		
	CCS	ICAS	
DC PLATE VOLTAGE	750 max. 225 max. -175 max. 240 max. 15 max. 120 max. 7 max. 40 max.	750 max. 250 max. -175 max. 240 max. 20 max. 150 max. 8 max. 45 max.	volts volts volts ma ma watts watts
Heater negative with respect to cathode Heater positive with	100 max.	100 max.	volts
respect to cathode BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest	100 max.	100 max.	volts
point on bulb surface)	235 max.	235 max.	oC
Typical Operation with Forced-Air	Cooling:		
DC Plate Voltage	200 – - 200 - –	750 - - 200	volts volts volts volts
3000 ohms	-45 - 50 	_ _ _50	volts volts volts
170 ohms	-45 - 50 	- -50	volts volts volts
No.1 Voltage	128 124 230 160 23 17 15 7 0.9 0.4 83 90	134 200 20 12 0.8 115	volts ma ma ma watt watts
b Subscript 1 indicates that grid-No.1	current does	not flow duri	ing any

Subscript 1 indicates that grid-No.1 current does not flow during any part of the input cycle.

Continuous Commercial Service.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Averaged over any audio-frequency cycle of sine-wave form.

Obtained preferably from a separate source or from the plate-voltage supply with a voltage divider.

- The type of input-coupling network used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-No.1 circuit. Transformer or impedance coupling devices are recommended. When grid No.1 is operated in the negative region with fixed bias, the dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance should not exceed 100000 ohms. Cathode bias is not recommended.
- Intermittent Commercial and Amateur Service.
- h Obtained preferably from a separate source modulated with the plate supply, or from the modulated plate supply through a series resistor.
- J Obtained from grid-No.1 resistor or from a combination of grid-No.1 resistor with either fixed supply or cathode resistor.
- In ICAS applications at frequencies less than 20 Mc where duty factor does not exceed 0.2, maximum "on" period does not exceed 30 seconds, and average modulation factor does not exceed 0.25, maximum grid-No.2 input of 12 watts is permitted.
- M Key-down conditions per tube without amplitude modulation. Modulation essentially negative may be used if the positive peak of the audio-frequency envelope does not exceed 115 per cent of the carrier conditions.
- Obtained preferably from a separate source, or from the plate supply voltage with a voltage divider, or through a series resistor. A series grid-No.2 resistor should be used only when the 829B is used in a circuit which is not keyed. Grid-No.2 voltage must not exceed 600 volts under key-up conditions.
- $^{f p}$  Obtained from fixed supply, by grid No.1 resistor, by cathode resistor, or by combination methods.

#### SHIELDING AND BYPASSING

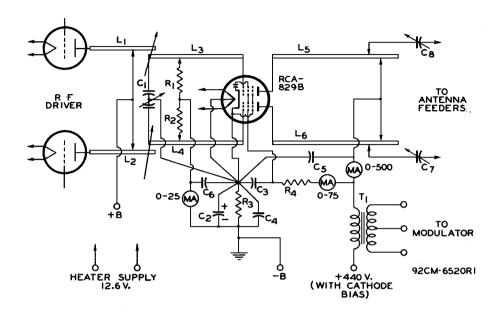
Shielding of the 8298 in an rf amplifier is required for stable operation. A convenient method of shielding is to mount the tube with one end through a hole in a metal plate so that the edge of the hole is close to the internal shield of the tube. Due to the importance, at the very-high frequencies, of obtaining the shortest leads possible, rf bypassing must be accomplished close to the tube terminals. Ribbon leads acting as plates of the bypass capacitors are effective. All circuit returns should be made to the common cathode connection. RF chokes may be advisable in the voltage-supply leads.

### MAXIMUM RATINGS vs OPERATING FREQUENCY

ODERATING	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE PERCENTAGE OF MAXIMUM-RATED PLATE VOLTAGE & PLATE INPUT		
OPERATING FREQUENCY	TELEPHONY	TELEGRAPHY	
Mc	Class C	Class C	
	Plate-Modulated	Unmodulated	
200	100	100	
250	89	89	

### VHF PLATE-MODULATED PUSH-PULL RF POWER AMPLIFIER

(OPERATING FREQUENCY APPROX. 200 Mc)



$$C_1$$
 = 1.2 to 10 pf per section  $C_2$  = 25  $\mu$ f, 200 Volts

$$C_3 C_4 C_5 C_6 = 500 \text{ pf, Mica}$$

$$C_7 C_8 = 3 \text{ to } 35 \text{ pf}$$

$$R_1 R_2 = 7500 \text{ to } 15000 \text{ Ohms, I Watt}$$

 $R_3 = 60$  Ohms, 10 Watts

$$R_4 = 6400$$
 Ohms, 15 Watts

$$T_1 = Modulation Transformer$$

 $L_1$   $L_2$  = Dimensions dependent on type of driver tube; Approx. same as  $L_5$   $L_6$ 

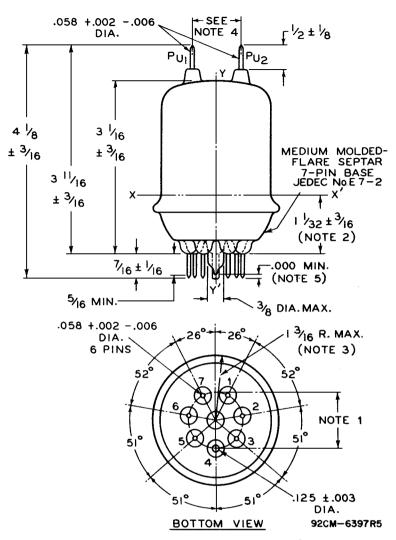
L<sub>3</sub> L<sub>4</sub> = 1/4" Dia. copper tubing, approx. 10" long and spaced approx. 7/8" between centers.

L<sub>5</sub> L<sub>6</sub> = 3/8" Dia. copper tubing, approx. 7" long and spaced approx. 7/8" between centers.

**NOTE 1:** Adjust coupling of  $L_1L_2$  and  $L_3L_4$  for optimum grid excitation.

**NOTE 2:** Grid resistors should be adjusted on  $L_3L_4$  at voltage node.

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ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

THE REFERENCE AXIS YY' IS DEFINED AS THE AXIS OF THE BASE-PIN GAUGE DESCRIBED IN NOTE 1.

NOTE I: ANGULAR VARIATIONS BETWEEN PINS AND VARIATION IN PIN-CIRCLE DIAMETER ARE HELD TO TOLERANCES SUCH THAT PINS WILL ENTER TO A DISTANCE OF 0.375" A FLAT-PLATE BASE-PIN GAUGE HAVING SIX HOLES 0.0800" ± 0.005" AND ONE HOLE 0.1450" ± 0.0005" ARRANGED ON A 1.0000" ± 0.0005" CIRCLE AT SPECIFIED ANGLES WITH TOLERANCE OF ±5' FOR EACH ANGLE. GAUGE IS ALSO PROVIDED WITH A HOLE 0.500" ± 0.010" CONCENTRIC WITH PIN CIRCLE WHOSE CENTER IS ON THE AXIS YY'.

NOTE 2: A FLAT-PLATE FLANGE GAUGE WITH HOLE 2.063" +0.003" -0.000" IS LOWERED OVER TUBE SEATED IN BASE-PIN GAUGE SO THAT THE HOLE AXIS IS COINCIDENT WITH AXIS YY' WITHIN 0.150", AND SO THAT THE BOTTOM SURFACE OF THE FLANGE GAUGE IS PARALLEL TO THE TOP SURFACE OF THE BASE-PIN GAUGE, AND UNTIL THE FLANGE GAUGE RESTS ON THE TUBE-FLANGE SEAL AT POSITION XX'. THE PERPENDICULAR DISTANCE BETWEEN THE TWO

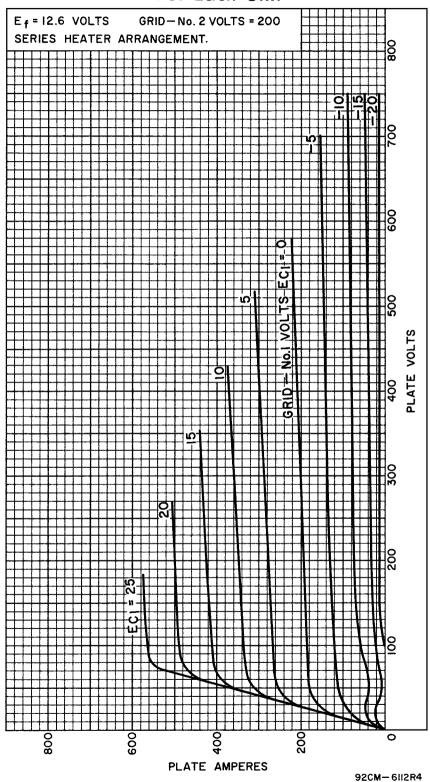
GAUGES WILL BE AS SHOWN.

NOTE 3: MINIMUM DIAMETER OF TUBE-SEAL FLANGE WILL BE SUCH THAT A RING GAUGE HAVING INSIDE DIAMETER OF 2.125" - 0.000" + 0.003" AND THICKNESS OF 0.125" ± 0.010" WILL NOT PASS THE FLANGE WHEN TRIED AT ANY ANGLE.

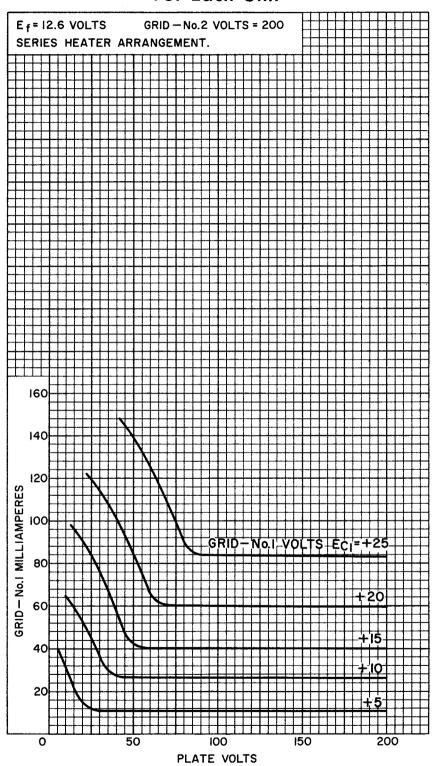
NOTE 4: THE PLATE LEADS WILL ENTER A FLAT-PLATE PLATE-LEAD GAUGE HAVING MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 0.375" AND HAVING TWO HOLES 0.1200" ± 0.0005" WHOSE CENTERS ARE LOCATED AT A DISTANCE OF 0.424" ± 0.001" FROM THE AXIS YY' AND WHOSE AXES ARE PARALLEL TO YY'. THE PLANE THROUGH THESE AXES WILL BE 90° ± 5' FROM THE PLANE THROUGH YY' AND PIN No.4.

NOTE 5: EXHAUST TIPWILL NOT EXTEND BEYOND THE PLANE WHICH PASSES THROUGH THE ENDS OF THE THREE LONGEST PINS.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS For Each Unit



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS For Each Unit



92CM-6114R4

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS For Each Unit

